



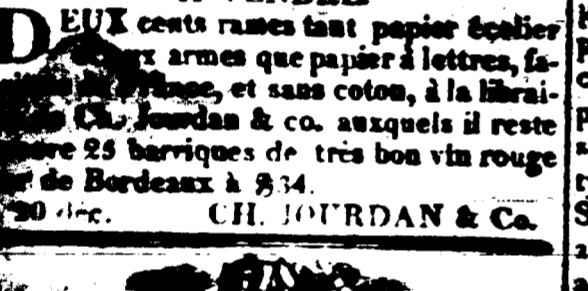
Société Publique.
PAR GEO. WM. BOYD.

Il sera vendu le samedi 5 Janvier, à midi précis, à la Bourse de Hewlett, NEUF LOTS DE TERRE, situés entre les rues St. Philippe, Ursulines et des Marais. Lesdits lots sont en partie entourés à neuf, et quelques-uns d'entre eux n'ont besoin d'aucun remblais. Conditions de la vente.—Un et deux ans de terme en billets endossés à la satisfaction du sous-signé, et hypothèque spéciale jusqu'à parfait paiement.
27 déc. P. DUPEUX.

CHANGEMENT DE DOMICILE.
Le Docteur JEAN DE GORRES, DEMEURANT actuellement au coin de la rue Dumaine et Océan, deux portes après la Pharmacie du Dr. Kerr, en doubleant le coin, au premier étage.
19 déc.

PAR ISAAC L. M'COY.
SUGRENE A VENDRE.—Mercredi 16 Janvier prochain, à midi, au Café de la Bourse, il sera mis en vente la sucrerie considérable nommée le Bois de Magnolia, située sur la Terre-aux-Bois, à 16 milles environ au sud-est de la Nlle-Orléans, et environ 4 milles du Mississippi, contenant une superficie de 1320 arpens de terre, ayant deux faces chacune de 10 arpens sur le bayou de la Terre-aux-Bois, sur 40 arpens de profondeur, et encastrée dans les bûches qui s'y trouvent, consistant d'une maison en bois de six appartemens, cuisine, sucrerie complète de 4 chaudières, moulin à vent, 200 boucanis de sucre, ustensils d'agriculture, consistant de charrettes, charrues, etc. canaux à égales, courtes, jardins, et un fossé de chevrons, maux, bœufs, vaches, moutons, cochons et 34 Esclaves. La terre est bien située, détachée, d'une culture facile, et renommée pour une belle qualité de sucre. La récolte de l'année dernière est évaluée à 200 boucanes, et des moyennes plus considérables le permettra à 300 boucanes. Le bois y est abondant et un petit canal on facile le transport. Il existe une portion de terrain employé comme réceptacle des eaux, qui pourrait convenir à la culture du riz. Il existe pour les récoltes futures 80 arpens de rizières, et des terres basses pour 25 arpens. Cette propriété est grand avantage de s'être pas sujette aux inondations par les crues, et aux dépenses de constructions de la levee.
Conditions.—Lots de 1, 2, 3, 4 et 5 ans, avec intérêt à partir du jour de la vente de 6 pour cent par an, hypothèque sur la propriété, et avec d'autres assurances pour moitié du montant de l'achat, par endossement ou autrement à la satisfaction du vendeur. S'agit également de vendre au comptant un autre terrain, séparément à 15 milles de crédit et au bon hypothèque, 12 esclaves bien conditionnés qui ont été occupés sur ladite plantation et plusieurs autres.
17 déc.

A VENDRE.
DEUX cents rames tant papier épais que papier à lettres, faites par les machines de la fabrique de M. Bourdan & Co. auxquels il reste encore 25 barriques de très bon vin rouge de Bordeaux à 3 1/4.
20 déc. CH. JOURDAN & Co.



LOTTERIE
De l'Eglise Catholique de l'Etat de la Louisiane.
3e CLASSE.
Autorisée par l'Etat de la Louisiane.
Au profit de l'Eglise Catholique de Saint-Martinville.
Devant être tirée positivement le 5 de Janvier, à 5 heures de l'après-midi à la Bourse Hewlett.

1 Lot de.....	\$10,000 est.....	\$10,000
1 Lot de.....	8,000 est.....	8,000
1 Lot de.....	6,000 est.....	6,000
1 Lot de.....	6,000 est.....	6,000
1 Lot de.....	5,000 est.....	5,000
1 Lot de.....	4,000 est.....	4,000
6 Lots de.....	4,000 est.....	6,000
12 Lots de.....	500 est.....	6,000
136 Lots de.....	100 est.....	13,800
780 Lots de.....	10 est.....	7,800
7800 Lots de.....	5 est.....	46,800

4,760 Lots { 24,860 billets } 121,800
4,600 Blancs { à 6 piastres }

Adressez, pour avoir des billets, au Bureau du Directeur, J. F. RIBETTI, N° 100, rue de Chartres, près le Café de l'Union, ou chez M. POTTIER, administrateur, rue de Chartres N° 60.

ILLUMINATION.
MALCO M'S CELEBRATED WHEEL OF FORTUNE.
Rue de Chartres, No. 86.
SERA illuminé, ce soir et demain soir, en honneur de l'occasion du tirage qui aura lieu le samedi 5 de ce mois, à 5 heures de l'après-midi. Les Gros Lots suivants en sortent.
10,000—8,000—6,000—6,000—5,000, 4,000 Piastres, avec d'autres Lots plus petits, montant à 121,800 Piastres de la 3e Classe.

Loterie de l'Eglise Catholique.
Les Dames et Messieurs qui désirent s'assurer d'un ou de plusieurs de ces SOLDES BIENNES DE L'AN, peuvent adresser en toute sûreté au vrai Bureau de Fortune, et-dessus désigné, ou à son Nouveau Bureau No. 132, Rue de Chartres, en face du lieu du tirage, où ils trouveront l'AGREMENT tout prêt pour Lundi prochain, précisément au moment de la Célébration de l'arrivée du Général Jackson.
3 Jan

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.
The additional brig DOLLY, capt. Martin, stows 150 to 160 hhds., apply to BRIDGE & VOSE, Bienville street.

THE NEW ORLEANS
FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1828.

From the New York Ev. Post, Dec. 10.]
Virginia.—Governor Giles has addressed a long message to the legislature of Virginia. A good deal of it is occupied with local matters. The interesting subject of the penitentiary system is taken up; and the governor very earnestly and forcibly recommends a separation of convicts as the only means of producing the reformation of criminals. To effect this an appropriation for constructing an additional number of cells will be necessary. The number of convicts in the Virginia penitentiary is exceedingly small in proportion to the population of that state, being 147, of which 135 are whites. In the state of New-York we have according to a statement in Gov. Giles' message, 1048 convicts in our penitentiaries. One reason of this disparity is undoubtedly to be found in the fact that in Virginia the free colored convicts are for many crimes punished by being sold into slavery or transported. Of these modes of punishment the governor expresses his disapprobation, and particularly of the former, which with great justice, he pronounces "incompatible with every principle of humanity and justice, and directly repugnant with the just, humane and liberal policy of Virginia, in the dispensation of criminal justice on every other occasion." He advises that the legislature should consider the propriety of substituting the confinement of this unfortunate description of persons in separate apartments in the penitentiary.

The Message is pretty full on the subject of internal improvements to be effected by the state of Virginia. "A grand and splendid project" is mentioned, that of connecting the New river with the Roanoke and the Roanoke with James river. This project says the Message "is reported by Captain Crozet, to be not only practicable, but easy of execution; and it is understood, that its cost will be comparatively small, with any other extensive internal improvement, yet completed or contemplated, within the United States. In case this improvement should be completed, it would open a vast field for speculation as to the extent of its utility, with some of the Western and Southern States, as well as Virginia—and it would present at least one great advantage over the justly celebrated canal of New-York: it is a route of navigation which would seldom subject the navigation of a canal to the obstructions by ice—whereas the New-York canal is completely obstructed, probably five months in the year."

On the disputed point of the power of the general government to make internal improvements at its pleasure in the territories of the different states, the Message takes the view which might be expected from Gov. Giles, denying and protesting against the right altogether. The following passage contains what is said on the subject of the tariff, and with it the Message concludes. The remarks seem to us very moderate and very proper, although the excessively sensitive and sagacious editors of the National Intelligencer declare that they smell strongly of treason. "It is with deep reluctance and regret that my duty constrains me to observe to the general assembly, that, whilst the Tariff is found to be more destructive in its effects generally, but particularly upon agriculture, than was ever anticipated, whilst it has, in fact, rendered agriculture, excepting in a few cases, which serve still further to aggravate the burthens upon the rest, an unproductive, perhaps a losing occupation, there is no prospect of its repeal. So far from it, we are threatened with its extension. Under these circumstances, it is for the wisdom of the general assembly to determine what measures are best calculated to arrest the progress of the evil, to relieve the people of this commonwealth from their unjust oppression, and to reanimate them in the full enjoyment of their rights and liberties."

[From the National Gazette.]
The following statement is made in a London paper of recent date.— It is an extraordinary fact, that, during the late panic, the Bank of England would have stopped payment, had it not been for the liberal conduct of the Bank of France. While the course of foreign exchanges was against us, a very large portion of the gold coin of the United Kingdom found its way into the National Bank of Paris; and when our sagacious Directors found it necessary to recover, at any sacrifice, the specie which their over-issue of paper had expelled, the Managers of the Paris Bank deliberated whether they should permit the English coin to go back. They came to the resolution, to let the Bank of England have the gold it wanted; and thus the Directors were on this occasion saved from the necessity

of suspending payments. At this crisis, however, the Bank of England was in much greater danger of stopping payment, than any of the country banks which it is now seeking to supersede. The Mint, though its powers were taxed to the utmost, could not coin silver coins with any rapidity to meet the run; and had it not been for the Bank of Paris had not consented to part with its gold, the Bank of England must have stopped.

MEXICAN MINING COMPANY.—Letters have been received by the Mining Company from Captain Lyon, in which he describes the climate and country as superior to any he had ever visited. He observes, that in consequence of the operations of the Mint, in the smelting process, being carried on so slowly, he has been unable to transmit the gold to England, which he had expected to do. The quantity of gold dust which had been smelted into bars amounted to 10,000 sterling; what remained would amount to 16,000 more; and when the whole should have been completed, he would forward it for shipment to England; but was unwilling to incur the expense of two escorts for that purpose when by waiting a short period one would suffice.

The Buenos Ayrean brig of war Genl. Bradzen, Dekay, commander, mounting 8 guns and only 37 men arrived this forenoon in 17 days from St. Bars, in co. with her prize, the brig Cacique, of 18 guns and 140 men, captured in sight of Pernambuco, after an action of 30 minutes, in which Genl. B. had one man killed. The C. had 18 men killed and wounded. The C. had taken one of the G. B.'s prizes with 40 or 50,000 dollars and carried her into Pernambuco, and was sent out again on purpose to bring the G. B. in. After the G. B. had been at sea 36 hours she had an action with two 24 gun brigs, both of which struck—one got away soon after in a heavy squall. A few days after that she had an action with a 2 and a 3 masted schooner, both of which she captured and sent in. The G. B. has been out 6 months, and has taken 17 prizes in all. Mr. Woollett late purser of the G. B., died at St. Bars.

NORFOLK, Dec. 10.
The French Corvette La Railleuse, Capt. Lasse, 63 days from Brast, with an additional number of officers, and men for the La Circe, and despatches for Com. Duval Daily, anchored in Hampton Roads yesterday morning, and interchanged salutes with Fortress Monroe. Shortly after the arrival of the Railleuse (at 11 A. M.) the Sulphide got under weigh and sailed for the West Indies. The French frigate La Circe, Com. Daily, got under weigh in the Roads at 3 P. M. with a fine cracking breeze and sailed for Toulon. The Railleuse has experienced continual adverse wind. On the 25th Nov. she fell in with the wreck of a vessel lying on her beam end, apparently a brig, on the 1st inst. she fell in with another wreck, a fine new schooner, which she boarded, and found that she had been deserted by her crew. Her cargo consisted of flour, onions, &c. She had been entirely stripped of her sails, rigging, &c.

SAVANNAH, Dec. 3.
The trial of Gardner, for Piracy, before the U. S. Circuit Court, commenced on Friday morning last, and terminated on Saturday afternoon. The jury, after being out about 15 minutes, returned a verdict of Not Guilty. Gardner, it will be recollected, was in command of the ash. William in August last on her passage from Vera Cruz to the United State, when her supercargo and part owner, landed at a British island to procure salt, and Gardner fearing capture from a vessel he supposed an English cruiser, made sail for this port. The supercargo procured a passage to New-York, and immediately caused Gardner to be arrested on a charge of piracy.

INCREASE OF CRIME.—We have read with much interest a report made by the Select Committee appointed by the House of Commons to inquire into the subject of criminal commitments and convictions. They announce the melancholy fact, that the increase of criminals has been very great. Since 1801 it appears that the population has been augmented from 8,872,986 to 11,977,663 souls, that being the result of the last census made in 1821. This increase, however, does not account for the increase of crime, which would seem to have taken place, the commitments being according to those returns, in 1826, quadruple what they were in 1806. The number of commitments for trial in England and Wales from 1806 to 1826, was 1806, 4,346; 1816, 9,091; 1826, 16,147. The increase over 1806, in 1816, the committee ascribe, in a great measure, to the transition from war to peace. This however, does not account for the great increase which 1826 gives over the return for 1816.—Low wages, the practice of making up the labourer's pay from the poor's rates; and the habits of poaching, induced by the great increase of preserves for game, are considered by them to be among the causes of the evil, and

they strongly urge the necessity of attempting to prevent the further extension of the mischief arising from these sources. This report is stated to be less complete than could be wished, owing to the committee from which it emanates, having been appointed at a late period of the session. The importance of the subject has led the committee to express their earnest hope, that the house will, early in the ensuing session, direct the inquiries with it to be resumed.—London Courier.

Elizabeth Payne, forty years of age, and having five children, died on Sunday week, at Bethel Green, from taking tobacco water as a cure for worms. A quack doctor, named Gabriel Ore, recommended the "specific" Verdict—"manslaughter," and the doctor committed to Newgate.—London paper.

Good news from Ohio.—A letter to the editor, gives the following statement of the proceedings at the organizing of the Legislature of that state.

Columbus, Dec 3, 1827.
I have only time to say, that we organized to day, and Edward King was elected Speaker against the Jackson candidate, 40 to 28—four absent—three of them administration men. In the Senate, Wheeler, administration man, was elected Speaker over the Jackson candidate 20 to 12; four absent, three of whom are administration men.

Speaker King, 40; J. J. Irvin, (the late candidate,) 28. In Senate—Mr. Wheeler, 30; Gen. Lucas, (who headed the Jackson ticket last election,) 12. One scattering.

St. Martinville, 29th Dec.
The rumor that has circulated a few days ago, that the work which had been done at Plaquemine, had been totally destroyed by the flood, is altogether false. We have conversed with several persons lately from Plaquemine, which assured us, that no danger was apprehended, and that no obstruction can take place at the mouth of the Bayou.

The steam boat Attakapas, Captain Curry, arrived at this place on Wednesday last, from N. Orleans. It entered the Plaquemine by the canal, which has been deepened six feet, by the Navigation Company.

At the Truly Lucky Office
OF
P. V. BARBET,
St. LOUIS STREET, No. 37,
OPPOSITE THE EXCHANGE.
TOMORROW at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at Hewlett's Exchange, the drawing of the
CATHOLIC CHURCH LOTTERY,
Where can be gained the following large PRIZES—
1 of 10,000—8,000—6,000—6,000—5,000—4,000 dollars; with many other smaller prizes—amounting to 131,800 Dollars.

A handsome reward is offered for the arrest of the Negro Wench NANCY, who absconded about fifteen days since, she had the habit of selling cakes, she has very black skin, a large breast, a fearful look. She had on a blue cottonade gown with squares, she is generally at the port, towards Mr. Mornay's.—25 dollars is equally offered to the person who can discover where she is harboured.
A. LACOUTURE.
Jan. 4. no. 18 Chartres st.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
The fine new coppered, first class, ship MONTGOMERY, Size, master, is now loading and will have despatch. For freight of 300 bales of cotton apply to the master on board opposite Ursulin street or to
dec 20. BOWERS, OSBORN & BOWERS.

FOR HAVRE.
The fine fast sailing copper fastened A. L. ship CRESCENT, captain John B. Haley, having the greater part of her cargo engaged and going on board, will sail on about the 3th inst. For freight of about 300 bales cotton, or passage, apply to
H. PERRET & CHARBONNET.

ILLUMINATION.
MALCO M'S CELEBRATED WHEEL OF FORTUNE,
No. 86, Chartres Street,
WILL be handsomely illuminated this and to-morrow evenings, in honour of the occasion. The next afternoon, Saturday the 5th inst. at 8 o'clock, at the Exchange, will be drawn, the Prizes of 10,000, 8000, 6,000, 6,000, 5,000, 4,000, Dollars, and 6 of 1000 Dollars, with smaller Prizes, amounting to ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS from the Wheels of the 2d Class.
Catholic Church Lottery.
Those Ladies and Gentlemen who intend to secure one or more of those "SO-LID NEW YEARS' GIFTS," will of course apply at the above TRULY FORTUNATE OFFICE, or at his New Office No. 132, Chartres Street, opposite the place of drawing, where they will find the card ready on Monday morning, all in time for the
GRAND JACKSON CELEBRATION.

PORTER ET CIDRE.—130 caisses cidre de Coustocks, 70 do. porter de Philadelphia, reçues dernièrement par le brick William Rowland, de New-York, et à vendre par
17 déc. COCKEY & WATTS.

SUGAR.—The subscribers offer for sale, 100 hhds. prime Sugar on a plantation 30 miles above the city
JOHN HAGAN & Co.

AUCTION SALES

BY GEORGE W. BOYD
WILL be sold, on Saturday the 5th January, at 12 o'clock precisely, at the New-Exchange, nine lots of ground, situated between St. Philippe, Ursulines and des Marais streets; part of the said lots are newly inclosed, and some of them requires no raising.
Conditions of sale:—From 1 to 2 years credit, by furnishing endorsed notes to the satisfaction of the subscribers, and special mortgage until final payment.
Dec. 27. P. DUPEUX.

BY ISAAC L. M'COY.
SUGAR ESTATE.—On Wednesday the 16th of January next, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Coffee House, will be sold the valuable SUGAR PLANTATION called "Magnolia Grove," situated at Terre-aux-Bois, about 16 miles below New-Orleans, and about 4 miles from the Mississippi, containing 152 superficial arpents of land, having two fronts, each 19 arpents upon the Bay. Terre-aux-Bois, by 40 arpents in depth; together with the improvements thereon, consisting of a frame dwelling house of 6 apartments, kitchen, sugar house with one set of 4 m. t. l. s., mill house with an excellent engine, iron mill, sugar-cane press, containing about 200 hhds sugar, farm, garden, consisting of carts, ploughs, &c. negro cabins, stable, garden; together with a stock of horses, mules, oxen, cows, sheep and hogs, and thirty-four SLAVES. The land is well situated, well drained, easily to be cultivated, and celebrated for the production of fine sugar. A crop of 260 hhds of sugar was made last year, and with an adequate force it is supposed would produce 300 hhds more. The supply of wood is ample, and there is a small canal to facilitate its transportation. There is a small portion of the land (which forms a drain for the other parts of the estate) that might be probably employed in the culture of rice; for the next year's crop, there are 80 arpents of meadows and it is supposed a sufficiency of plants to plant 230 arpents. This estate possesses the great advantage of not being subject to inundation by crevasse, and no expense is incurred by the destruction or repair of levees.
Conditions.—Notes at 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 years, with interest from the day of sale at the rate of per cent per annum, secured by mortgage on the property, together with such other additional security as may be deemed satisfactory by the vendor. Also, at the same time and place, will be sold separately, on a credit of 12 months with approved security, 13 valuable negroes who have been employed on the above plantation for several years past.
Dec 17

SUGAR LANDS FOR SALE.
TWO handsome tracts of land adjoining each other, one 31 arpents, the other 15 arpents on the river, by 40 in depth, situated in the parish of Plaquemine, left bank of the river, distant about one mile from the plantation of Mrs. Williams, and 30 miles from town.
The tract of 31 arpents is covered with wood down the river, furnishing good fuel as well as cypress. Of the tract of 15 arpents, about 100 arpents cleared, and can be cultivated and cleared immediately. The two united would form a very handsome Sugar Estate.
The experience of many years shows that the sugar cane succeeds better in this parish than in any other part of Louisiana; that it yields better and is much less subject to frost. The milling season is generally prolonged to the last days in January without inconvenience. There are now in this parish 22 Sugar Plantations, some of which have not more than from 20 to 30 work ng hands; and yet this parish during the present season will produce near eight millions pounds of sugar.
Seven steam boats are built or building for the purpose of towing vessels between the Balize and New-Orleans, which secures a good price for the fire wood and insures an important revenue from the unclaimed land.
The above tracts of land will be sold together or separately as may suit purchasers, and a long credit will be given on proper security.
For further information, as well as for terms and price, apply to Mr. A. Abat and Eugene Mouton, or to Mr. C. B. Dufau, in New-Orleans, or on the parish of Plaquemine.
Dec. 20.

REMOVAL.
SULPHUROUS BATHS.
DOCTOR RENOU, has the honor of informing his colleagues and the inhabitants of New-Orleans and of Louisiana, that he has removed his establishment of Sulphurous Baths from St. Ann Street, No. 132 to Barraks Street No. 156, at the corner of Burgundy in the house lately occupied by Dr. Formetot.
It is generally known, how much benefit is obtained by sulphurous bath in cutaneous diseases, rheumatic complaints, palsy and other serious complaints, it is needless to quote here the numerous instances of immediate cure and relief afforded by the application of that remedy.
Mr. Renou has availed himself of his removal, in constructing a new apparatus and making his establishment free from any kind of reproach that could have been made to the former one.
The room for the reception of white people is totally separate from the one fixed for negroes.
His new lodgings afford him the means of receiving certain number of sick persons wishing to board at his house.
He has provided a spacious hospital, and his house being situated in a retired part of the town less crowded with houses than others, makes the situation perfectly wholesome.
Prices for 12 Baths, . . . \$ 16 ..
" 6 " . . . " 9 ..
" 1 " . . . " 1 50
For treatment of negroes per day, 1 ..
Doctor Renou will however take with the persons who will apply to him all possible arrangements.
During the last year of his practice in Paris, Doctor Renou has been intimate with the celebrated Dr. DuCamp inventor of the most efficient method of curing ischuria (retention of urine), and he had especially afflicted himself to the treatment of that disease; he has now in his possession a complete collection of all the instruments necessary thereto. He may ensue to those persons afflicted with the above complaint, who will apply to him, a prompt and safe cure from his method of treatment.
Dec 27.